

House Appropriations Committee

Chairman Hal Rogers

Website address: <http://appropriations.house.gov/>

Contact: Jennifer Hing, (202) 226-7007

Summary: Fiscal Year 2013 Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill

The FY 2013 Continuing Resolution (CR) contains the full FY 2013 Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies (CJS) Appropriations bill. This legislation contains critical funding for federal law enforcement efforts to protect the lives, livelihoods, and rights of all Americans, keep communities safe, enforce federal statutes, and prosecute those who violate our laws. In addition, the bill will make targeted investments in scientific research and trade programs that will help boost our economy and create a better environment for job creation, while trimming overall spending below last year's levels.

In total, the CJS division contains \$50.2 billion in funding. This is a reduction of \$2.5 billion below last year's level and \$1.7 billion below the President's request for these programs. These funding levels do not reflect the additional reductions from the President's sequestration order.

Bill Highlights*:

Department of Justice (DOJ) – The bill funds DOJ at \$27 billion, a decrease of \$49 million below fiscal year 2012 and \$105 million below the President's request.

- **Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)** – The bill includes \$8.1 billion for the FBI – a decrease of \$7 million below fiscal year 2012 and \$121 million below the request. This will sustain support for national security programs, investigations of cyber-attacks and violent crime, and gang reduction programs, while finding savings in administrative accounts and operational efficiency.
- **Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA)** – The DEA is funded at \$2.4 billion in the legislation, an increase of \$11 million over fiscal year 2012 and \$45 million below the President's request. This includes an increase of \$24 million for regulatory and enforcement efforts to combat prescription drug abuse, and \$12.3 million (by transfer) to assist states and communities with hazardous material clean-up at meth lab sites.
- **Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)** – The legislation contains \$1.1 billion for the ATF, \$20 million below fiscal year 2012 and \$22 million below the request. The bill continues and makes permanent several funding prohibitions related to firearms regulation. It also includes a prohibition on transfers of firearms to known members of drug cartels.
- **U.S. Marshals Service** – The Marshals Service is funded at \$2.8 billion in the bill, including \$1.62 billion for federal prisoner detention, an increase of \$36 million above fiscal year 2012.
- **Federal Prison System** – The Bureau of Prisons is funded at \$6.8 billion, which is an increase of \$139 million above fiscal year 2012 and \$139 million below the request. The bill prohibits funding for construction or acquisition of a prison within the U.S. to house Guantanamo detainees.

- **Grant Programs** – The bill includes a total of \$2.2 billion for various grant programs, \$4 million below fiscal year 2012, to be allocated to the highest priority programs with national reach and broad purposes.

The bill provides \$11.8 million for grants to states to improve National Instant Criminal Background Check System records. This funding level is \$6.8 million above the President's request and the fiscal year 2012 level. Violence Against Women programs are funded at \$409 million, which includes a \$1.5 million increase for Sexual Assault Victims Services and a \$1.8 million increase for Rural Domestic Violence and Child Abuse Enforcement. Missing and exploited children programs are funded at \$66 million. The bill also includes \$218 million for Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) programs, and \$250 million for the State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP).

Department of Commerce – The bill includes \$7.7 billion for the Commerce Department – an increase of \$134 million, or 1.8%, above fiscal year 2012 and \$242 million, or 3%, below the President's request. This includes funding for the following agencies:

- **International Trade Administration (ITA)** – The ITA administers and enforces U.S. trade laws, and protects U.S. interests and competitiveness abroad. The ITA is funded at \$474 million in the legislation – \$9 million above fiscal year 2012. The additional funds will support high-priority initiatives to increase U.S. exports and strengthen trade enforcement.
- **Patent and Trademark Office (PTO)** – The bill provides \$2.9 billion for the PTO, which is \$200 million above fiscal year 2012.
- **National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)** – NIST is funded at \$809 million in the bill, which is \$58 million above fiscal year 2012 and \$48 million below the President's request. Within this total, important core research activities to help advance U.S. competitiveness, innovation, and economic growth are increased by \$43 million above fiscal year 2012.
- **National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)** – The legislation contains \$5 billion for NOAA, which is \$111 million above fiscal year 2012 and \$50 million below the President's request. This includes funding for critical weather prediction and satellite programs to help prepare for and provide advance warning of dangerous weather events and natural disasters.
- **Economic Development Administration (EDA)** – The bill includes \$221 million in funding for the EDA – \$37 million below fiscal year 2012. This amount includes \$5 million in grant funding to attract U.S. jobs that have gone to other countries back into the U.S., and \$5 million in loan guarantees to help advance innovative manufacturing technologies.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) – NASA is funded at \$17.5 billion in the bill, which is \$273 million below fiscal year 2012 and \$184 million below the President's request. This funding includes:

- \$3.8 billion for Exploration – \$43 million above fiscal year 2012. This includes funding to keep NASA on schedule for upcoming Multi-Purpose Crew Vehicle and Space Launch System flight milestones and to maintain progress in the commercial crew program.
- \$3.9 billion for Space Operations – \$355 million below fiscal year 2012. The legislation will continue the closeout of the Space Shuttle program for a savings of \$504 million.

- \$5 billion for NASA Science programs – \$43 million below fiscal year 2012. This includes \$1.4 billion for planetary science to ensure the continuation of critical research and development programs. This also includes \$616 million for the James Webb Space Telescope.

National Science Foundation (NSF) – The legislation funds NSF at \$7.3 billion, which is \$221 million above fiscal year 2012 and \$119 million below the President’s request. NSF’s entire increase is provided to core research and education activities important to innovation and U.S. economic competitiveness, including funding for an advanced manufacturing science initiative and for research in cybersecurity and cyber-infrastructure.

Related agencies – The bill includes \$83 million for the International Trade Commission to investigate trade law violations, an increase of \$3 million above fiscal year 2012.

*The funding levels do not reflect additional reductions due to sequestration.

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