



COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

DAVID R. OBEY, CHAIRMAN

Press Contact: Ellis Brachman, Full Committee, 202-225-2771
Matthew Mazonkey, Mr. Murtha, 202-225-2065

SUMMARY: 2010 DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS BILL Full Committee Markup

The 2010 Defense Appropriations bill continues to put troops first, preparing them for whatever emergencies may arise, providing them with first class weapons and equipment, and ensuring that they and their families are well taken care of.

The bill makes critical investments in the health, well-being and readiness of our forces; addressing issues raised by troops, their families and Department of Defense officials in testimony before the Congress, and discovered through visits to military bases across the United States and overseas. At the same time, the bill begins to reign in the use of contractors and provides resources to reduce the department's reliance on contractors. It also makes a commitment to fiscal responsibility.

For the first time since the beginning of operations in Iraq, this bill also includes funding for Overseas Deployments and Other Activities in Afghanistan and Iraq for the upcoming fiscal year; providing \$128.2 billion to support ongoing operations and to meet the needs of our troops in the field and their families here at home.

Bill Total

2009 Total Enacted:	\$631.9 billion
2010 President's Request:	\$640.1 billion
2010 Total Bill:	\$636.3 billion

KEY INVESTMENTS

Keeping Our Commitments to Our Troops and Their Families

Military Pay: The bill provides a 3.4% military pay increase, 0.5% above the request; and \$122.4 billion, \$7.9 billion above 2009, to fully fund the requested end strength levels for active duty and Selected Reserve personnel.

Compensation for Stop Loss: The bill continues efforts to end the practice of "stop loss" and includes \$8.3 million, not requested, to pay troops \$500 for every month their term of service will be involuntarily and arbitrarily extended in 2010.

First Class Medical Care: \$29.9 billion, \$4.1 billion above 2009 and \$2 billion above the request, to provide our troops top of the line medical care. This includes \$500 million, \$128 million above the request, for traumatic brain injury and psychological health.

The bill also includes a total of \$2.2 billion for the wounded, ill and injured programs. The bill includes \$636 million for peer-reviewed research programs: \$150 million for breast cancer research; \$80 million for prostate cancer research; \$30 million for orthopedic research; \$25 million for ovarian cancer research; \$15 million for spinal cord research; and \$10 million for ALS research.

Supporting Military Families: The bill includes \$472.4 million for Family Advocacy programs and fully funds Family Support and Yellow Ribbon programs. In addition, the bill includes \$20 million for Army National Guard Family Assistance Centers and reintegration.

Readiness Training: \$11 billion, \$76 million above the request, for critical readiness training so that our troops are prepared to successfully perform their missions.

Military Equipment:

Stryker Combat Vehicles: \$613.6 million, \$225 million above the request, to procure additional Stryker vehicles, and safety and survivability equipment for the Stryker fleet.

Medium & Heavy Tactical Vehicles: \$965.5 million, \$193 million below the request, for Medium Tactical Vehicles, and \$786.6 million, \$26.4 million below the request, for Heavy Tactical Vehicles.

E-2D Hawkeye: \$649 million, \$142 million above the request, for 3 E-2D Hawkeyes, one above the request, and \$362.5 million for the continued development of the E-2D Advanced Hawkeye aircraft.

F-18 Super Hornet: \$1.7 billion for 18 F/A-18E/F Super Hornets, nine aircraft above the request - this amount also includes \$108 million above the request for a future multi-year procurement of F-18 aircraft - and \$1.6 billion, matching the request, for 22 EA-18G Growler electronic attack aircraft.

F-22A Raptor: \$368.8 million for the advance procurement of 12 F-22A Raptor aircraft.

V-22 Osprey: \$2.6 billion, matching the request, for 30 MV-22s for the Marine Corps and five CV-22s for the Air Force.

F-35 JSF: \$5.6 billion, \$532 million below the request, to procure 28 F-35 Lightning Aircraft: 14 Short Take-off and Vertical Landing variants for the Marine Corps, 4 Carrier variants for the Navy, and 10 conventional variants for the Air Force. The bill also includes \$4 billion, \$430 million above the request, for the continued development of the F-35 and \$560 million, not requested, to continue development and initial procurement of the Alternative Engine for the Joint Strike Fighter.

Air Force Cargo Aircraft: \$674 million, not requested, for three additional C-17s; \$903 million for five C/HC/MC-130Js and advance procurement of 20 C/HC/MC-130s; \$319 million for eight C-27Js; \$199.2 million for three C-37s, an increase of \$132.8 million and two aircraft above the request; and \$354 million for three C-40s, an increase of \$200 million and two aircraft above the request.

Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs): \$275 million, \$282 million below the request, for two RQ-4 Global Hawks; and \$489 million for 24 MQ-9 Reapers.

Military Helicopters: \$326 million, as requested, for 54 Light Utility Helicopters, an increase of 10 helicopters above 2009; \$1.26 billion, as requested, for 79 UH-60s; \$847 million, \$35 million below the request, for 26 CH-47s; \$610 million, \$100 million below the request, for 24 UH-1Y/AH-1Zs; \$241 million, \$227 million above the request, for five HH-60M helicopters and modifications to the existing HH-60G fleet; and \$485 million, \$400 million above the request, to make five VH-71s operational.

Multi-mission Maritime Aircraft: \$1.2 billion, \$20 million above the request, for the continued development of the Multi-mission Maritime Aircraft.

Next Generation Aerial Refueling Aircraft: \$439.6 million for the development of the Next Generation Aerial Refueling Aircraft.

Shipbuilding: \$15.8 billion for the procurement of 10 Navy ships including: one DDG-51 Guided Missile Destroyer; one SSN-774 Attack Submarine; four Littoral Combat Ships; two Intra-theater Connector Ships; and two T-AKE Auxiliary Dry Cargo/Ammunition Ships.

The bill also provides \$387.5 million, matching the request, to start development of the replacement for the Ohio class ballistic missile submarine; \$539 million, matching the request, for the continued development of the DDG-1000 Guided Missile Destroyer; and the final increments of funding for the CVN-78 Aircraft Carrier, the third DDG-1000 Guided Missile Destroyer, and the tenth LPD-17 Amphibious Transport Dock.

Advanced Communications: \$1.8 billion, matching the request, for a fourth Advanced Extremely High Frequency communications satellite; \$880.9 million, matching the request, for continued development of the Joint Tactical Radio System; and \$626.7 million, \$425 million above the request, for the Wideband Global System.

Missile Defense: \$589 million, matching the request, for the Theater High Altitude Area Defense (THAAD) system and the Standard Missile 3 (SM-3); \$569 million, matching the request, to continue development of the Patriot/MEADS Combined Aggregate Program; \$50.5 million, matching the request, for Ballistic Missile Defense European Capability; and \$638.8 million, matching the request, for Ballistic Missile Defense Sensors Capability.

Future Combat Systems: \$2.3 billion for the continued development of the restructured Future Combat Systems Program. This is \$211 million below the President's request, due to excessive termination liability, and \$1 billion less than the fiscal year 2009 appropriated amount.

Space: \$1.3 billion, \$55.7 million above the request, for three Evolved Expendable Launch Vehicles; \$122 million, \$55 million below the request, for development of the Space Based Space Surveillance System; \$389.4 million, \$97.4 million below the request; for development of the Global Positioning System III, operational control segment (OCX); and \$39 million, \$104 million below the request, for the Third Generation Infrared Satellite.

Overseas Deployments and Other Activities

Ongoing Military Operations

- \$104.2 billion, \$1.5 billion above the request, for operations and maintenance, and military personnel requirements for ongoing military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan, and to support preparation to begin withdrawal from Iraq, consistent with President Obama's plans; including:
 - \$2.6 billion transferred from base DoD funding for military personnel due to the added burden of supporting contingencies in Iraq and Afghanistan; and
 - \$14.6 billion provided for the Overseas Contingency Operations Transfer Fund, to allow DoD budget flexibility due to the highly variable nature of the costs to rebalance US forces between Iraq and Afghanistan, and to begin the redeployment from Iraq. This account carries protections so that the Congressional defense committees have the opportunity to review and approve any funding actions in this account.
- \$1.2 billion, as requested, for defense health programs to provide medical care to active forces as well as mobilized Reserve Components, and their families. This funding also provides care for combat injuries and other additional support requirements including communications, telemedicine, public health support, and post deployment health assessments.

Equipment and Force Structure: \$20.4 billion, \$1.8 billion below the request, for equipment used by our service members in Iraq and Afghanistan, including:

- \$3.6 billion, \$1.8 billion below the request, for the Mine Resistant Ambush Protected Vehicle Fund;
- \$250 million, as requested, for procurement of MQ-1 Predator Unmanned Aerial Vehicles;
- \$1.25 billion, as requested, for procurement of High Mobility Multi-Purpose Wheeled Vehicles;
- \$461.7 million, as requested, for procurement of Medium Tactical Vehicles; and
- \$520.8 million, \$102.5 million below the request, for the procurement of Heavy Tactical Vehicles.

Improving Fiscal Responsibility

Reigning in Outsourcing: \$5.1 billion, \$104 million above the request, to allow defense personnel, not contractors, to perform critical department functions. Additionally, the bill reduces contracted advisory and assistance services by \$51 million, and includes general provisions to stop further conversions by the Department of Defense from government functions to contractors.

Inspector General Oversight: \$288 million, \$17 million above the request, for the Inspector General to hire additional investigators to ensure proper oversight of DoD acquisition and contracting.

Undefinitized Contracts: The bill contains a provision restricting the use of funds in certain aircraft programs until prior year contracts are fully negotiated and definitized; restoring much needed discipline to the contracting process and providing leverage for the department to achieve the best possible pricing for the taxpayer.

Important Policy Provisions

No Permanent Bases: Continues a general provision prohibiting the establishment of permanent bases in Iraq or Afghanistan.

Report on Iraq Withdrawal: Requires the Secretary of Defense to report on the status, goals and timeline for the redeployment of troops from Iraq.

Torture: Continues a general provision prohibiting the torture of detainees held in US custody.

CERP: Withholds \$500 million in funding for the Commanders Emergency Response Program (CERP), until the department develops and submits a comprehensive spending plan.

Guantanamo Bay Detention Facility: Provides no funds for the closure of the detention facility at Guantanamo Naval base.