STATE, FOREIGN OPERATIONS, AND RELATED PROGRAMS APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2025

The State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations bill provides a total discretionary allocation of $51.713 billion, which is $7.6 billion (11%) below the Fiscal Year 2024 enacted level and $12.26 billion (19%) below the President’s Budget Request.

The bill prioritizes agencies and programs that protect our national security, safeguard our global economic interests, support our allies and partners, and promote democracy and freedom abroad.

**KEY TAKEAWAYS**

- Supports our great ally Israel by:
  - Including $3.3 billion in Foreign Military Financing for Israel to defend itself against terrorist attacks.
  - Prohibiting funding for the International Criminal Court, International Court of Justice, United Nations Relief Works Agency (UNRWA), and the United Nations Commission of Inquiry against Israel.
- Counters the People’s Republic of China (PRC) by:
  - Providing $2.1 billion for United States national security interests in the Indo-Pacific and to counter malign influence.
  - Including $500 million in Foreign Military Financing for Taiwan to strengthen deterrence across the Taiwan Strait and up to $2 billion in loans and loan guarantees for such purpose.
  - Fully funding the Countering PRC Influence Fund at $400 million.
  - Prohibiting funds for the PRC and the Chinese Communist Party, prohibiting funds for countries to repay debt owed to China, and prohibiting funds for international financial institutions from loans to the PRC.
- Strengthens our national security by:
  - Prioritizing funding and policies to combat the flow of fentanyl and other illicit drugs into the United States.
  - Prohibiting funds that encourage or facilitate irresponsible migration towards the U.S.-Mexico border.
  - Prohibiting the Iran Revolutionary Guard Corps from being removed from the Foreign Terrorist Organization (FTO) list.
  - Prohibiting funds to implement a nuclear agreement with Iran unless ratified by the Senate.
  - Prohibiting funds to be used to implement the Arms Trade Treaty.
  - Supporting freedom in the Western Hemisphere, including $35 million for democracy programs for Cuba.
Responsibly refocuses taxpayer resources by:

- Eliminating funding for the United Nations’ (UN) regular budget, resulting in savings of $761.6 million.
- Eliminating eight accounts in the bill, including the Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund, International Organizations and Programs, Contribution to the Clean Technology Fund, and Contributions to the Inter-American Development Bank.
- Reducing 14 accounts in the bill below the FY19 enacted level, including Contributions to International Organizations, Contributions to International Peacekeeping Activities, Economic Support Fund, Migration and Refugee Assistance, and Peacekeeping Operations.
- Reducing 14 accounts in the bill to the FY19 enacted level, including the United States Agency for Global Media, Peace Corps, and International Development Association.
- Terminating more than 18 unnecessary programs, including the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), UN Women, UN Montreal Protocol, UN Environment Fund, and World Economic Forum.
- Prohibiting funding for Special Envoys, Special Representatives, Special Coordinators, and Special Advisors unless such positions are expressly authorized or have affirmatively received the advice and consent of the Senate.
  - Eliminating 33 Special Envoys and Special Representatives at the Department of State, including the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate, Special Envoy for Racial Equity and Justice, Special Envoy to Advance the Human Rights of LGBTQI+ Persons, Special Envoy for International Labor Affairs, and Special Representative for Palestinian Affairs.
- Prohibiting the Treasury Department from carrying out the Biden Administration’s climate agenda at the World Bank and other multilateral development banks, which harms developing countries and opens the door to predatory financing from the PRC.
- Prohibiting the Administration’s current practice of co-opting programming, such as that to empower women; advance democracy and freedom; or counter trafficking in persons, to advance its radical global climate change agenda.
- Prohibiting funds for the Green Climate Fund, Clean Technology Fund, and Loss and Damages Fund.
- Prohibiting funds to the Wuhan Institute of Virology, the EcoHealth Alliance, any gain-of-function research, and labs in adversarial nations like China, Iran, Russia, North Korea, or Cuba.

Supports American values and principles by:

- Maintaining all long-standing, pro-life protections.
- Implementing the Protecting Life in Global Health Assistance Policy, also known as the expanded Mexico City Policy, on all health funds in the bill.
o Prohibiting funds for controversial organizations and programs, such as the United Nations Population Fund, World Health Organization, and Gender Equity and Equality Action Fund.
o Supporting religious freedom programs abroad and religious freedom protections for faith-based organizations delivering foreign aid.
o Allowing only the American flag and other official flags to be flown over U.S embassies.
o Banning “disinformation” and “misinformation” programs that violate the free speech rights of American citizens.
o Prohibiting funds for unnecessary regulations and controversial Executive Orders that disadvantage American businesses.
o Prioritizing diplomatic engagement to favorably resolve commercial disputes abroad and to promote American business interests overseas.
o Refocusing attention on critical diplomatic functions, addressing the backlog of passport applications and ensuring the safety and security of our embassies.
o Prohibiting funds to implement COVID-19 mask and vaccine mandates.

**Detailed Funding Summary**

**Department of State and Related Agencies**

Provides $14.6 billion for the Department of State and several related agencies and commissions, reducing funds for Washington-based operations and prioritizing funds for overseas programs.

- $5.88 billion for Embassy Security, which is $115 million above the FY24 enacted level and equal to the President’s Budget Request.
- $137.8 million for the Inspector General of the Department of State, which is $3.1 million above the President’s Budget Request.
- $65.7 million for International Fisheries Commissions, which is equal to the FY24 enacted level.
- $1.34 billion for Contributions to International Organizations and Contributions to International Peacekeeping Activities, which is $1.57 billion below the FY24 enacted level and $1.57 billion below the President’s Budget Request.
- $807.9 million for the United States Agency for Global Media, which is $59 million below the FY24 enacted level and $142 million below the President’s Budget Request.

**United States Agency for International Development Operations**

Provides $1.56 billion for the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), which is $476 million below the FY24 enacted level and $661 million below the President’s Budget Request.

- $1.21 billion for USAID Operating Expenses, which is $480 million below the FY24 enacted level.
• $90 million for the Inspector General of USAID, which is $4.5 million above the FY24 enacted level, to support oversight of U.S. foreign assistance in countries and regions with higher risk.

Bilateral Economic Assistance

Provides $16.9 billion for global health, economic and development assistance, and humanitarian programs administered by the Department of State, USAID, and Department of the Treasury, which is $1.55 billion below the FY24 enacted level and $2.48 billion below the President’s Budget Request.
• $9.26 billion for Global Health Programs, which is $762 million below the FY24 enacted level and $558 million below the President’s Budget Request.
• $3 billion for Development Assistance, which is $931 million below the FY24 enacted level and $1.5 billion below the President’s Budget Request.
• $3.4 billion for the Economic Support Fund, which is $159 million below the FY24 enacted level and $682 million below the President’s Budget Request.
• $5.9 billion for humanitarian assistance, which is $2.8 billion below the FY24 enacted level and $2.57 billion below the President’s Budget Request.
• $410 million for the Peace Corps.
• $937 million for the Millennium Challenge Corporation.
• $40 million for Treasury Department International Programs.

International Security Assistance

Provides $9.86 billion for security assistance programs administered by the Department of State, which is $753 million above the President’s Budget Request.
• $1.56 billion for International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement, which is increased above the FY24 enacted level to counter the fentanyl crisis.
• $921 million for Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs.
• $6.83 billion for Foreign Military Financing Program.
  o $3.3 billion for assistance for Israel.
  o $500 million for assistance for Taiwan.
  o $100 million for assistance for the Philippines.

Multilateral Assistance

Provides $1.7 billion for Multilateral Assistance, which is $1.020 billion below the FY24 enacted level and $2.3 billion below the President’s Budget Request.
• Provides no funding for International Organizations and Programs, which is $436 million below the FY24 enacted level.
• $1.7 billion for payments to International Financial Institutions, including the International Development Association, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the
Asian Development Fund, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, and the International Fund for Agriculture Development.

Export and Investment Assistance

Provides $520.6 million for Export and Investment Assistance, which is $236 million below the FY24 enacted level and $257 million below the President’s Budget Request.