



INTERIOR, ENVIRONMENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2027

The Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill provides a total discretionary allocation of \$38.9 billion. The bill prioritizes unleashing American energy and rightsizing agency funding levels, including a \$1.8 billion reduction (20%) to the Environmental Protection Agency.

The bill fully funds the Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT) program, estimated at \$650 million, and prioritizes funding for Tribes and wildland fire.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- **Bolsters U.S. national security and border protections by:**
 - Reducing our reliance on foreign countries for critical minerals by promoting access to resources here at home through blocking certain land withdrawals and reinstating mineral leases in the Superior National Forest.
 - Promoting domestic mining by ensuring ancillary mining activities can be approved, fixing the *Rosemont* decision that created additional red tape and regulatory uncertainty for mining operations.
 - Prohibiting funds for the National Park Service to provide housing to an illegal alien without lawful status.
 - Providing \$774.84 million for Tribal Public Safety and Justice programs, which is a 36% increase over the FY26 enacted level, to combat drug trafficking while preventing and solving violent crimes.
 - Providing the requested increase of \$134 million for National Park Service Park Protection, which includes targeted funding for the U.S. Park Police to boost the force's capacity in the D.C. area consistent with Executive Order 14252, *Making the District of Columbia Safe and Beautiful*.
- **Champions American energy dominance and reduces regulatory burdens by:**
 - Providing the requested increase for onshore oil and gas development at the Bureau of Land Management.
 - Affirming efforts to responsibly develop Alaska's energy potential, reducing reliance on foreign oil and advancing Executive Order 14153, *Unleashing Alaska's Extraordinary Resource Potential*.
 - Providing the requested increase for offshore critical mineral leasing to advance Executive Order 14285, *Unleashing America's Offshore Critical Minerals and Resources*.
 - Prohibiting the use of the social cost of carbon, which has stymied new development.
 - Prohibiting multiple U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service rulings used to weaponize the Endangered Species Act against land users and energy producers.
 - Addressing the harmful impacts of the *Cottonwood* decision to improve forest management.



APPROPRIATIONS

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- **Supports the Trump Administration and mandate of the American people by:**
 - Unifying firefighting activities across the Department of the Interior, implementing the Administration’s proposal to create the U.S. Wildland Fire Service.
 - Supporting the Administration’s request to implement the Good Samaritan Remediation of Abandoned Hardrock Mines Act of 2024.
 - Prohibiting the use of funds to promote or advance critical race theory.
 - Prohibiting the use of funds for diversity, equity, and inclusion training or implementation.
 - Prohibiting funds for moral conviction discriminatory action.
 - Providing no funds for the American Climate Corps, eco-grief training, or environmental justice activities.
- **Safeguards American taxpayer dollars and preserves core functions by:**
 - Reducing funding for the Environmental Protection Agency by 20%.
 - Prohibiting funding for regulating emissions from manure management systems or livestock production.
 - Blocking funding for the Presidio Trust.
- **Protects access to public lands by:**
 - Blocking restrictions on hunting, fishing, and recreational shooting on federal lands.
 - Preventing additional regulations on ammunition, ammunition components, or fishing tackle under the Toxic Substances Control Act or any other law.
 - Prohibiting restrictions on where standard lead ammunition and fishing tackle can be used on certain federal lands or waters unless conditions are met.

DETAILED FUNDING SUMMARY

Department of the Interior

Provides \$15.24 billion for the Department of the Interior, which is \$694 million above enacted to fund increases in critical must-pays, including PILT, Contract Support Costs, Sec. 105(l) leases, and support for wildland firefighters.

- **Bureau of Land Management:** Provides \$1.28 billion for the Bureau of Land Management, which is \$59.6 million (4.4%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:** Provides \$1.57 billion for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, which is \$82.4 million (5%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **National Park Service:** Provides \$3.23 billion for the National Park Service.
- **U.S. Geological Survey:** Provides \$1.37 billion for the U.S. Geological Survey, which is \$52.5 million (3.7%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.



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- **Bureau of Ocean Energy Management:** Provides \$105.93 million for the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, which is \$27.2 million (20.4%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement:** Provides \$117.3 million for the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement, which is \$14.5 million (10.9%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement:** Provides \$288.16 million for the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, including \$168.38 million for the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund.
- **Bureau of Indian Affairs:** Provides \$3.21 billion for the Bureau of Indian Affairs, which is \$721.4 million (29%) above the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **Bureau of Indian Education:** Provides \$1.55 billion for the Bureau of Indian Education, which is \$181.6 million (13.3%) above the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **U.S. Wildland Fire Service:** Provides \$1.54 billion for the U.S. Wildland Fire Service and includes \$380 million for the fire suppression cap adjustment as authorized.
- **Office of the Secretary:** Provides \$118.01 million for the Office of the Secretary of the Interior.

Environmental Protection Agency

Provides \$7.04 billion for the Environmental Protection Agency, which is \$1.8 billion (20%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.

- **Science and Technology:** Provides \$527.94 million for Science and Technology, which is \$216.3 million (29%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **Environmental Programs and Management:** Provides \$2.29 billion for Environmental Programs and Management, which is \$821 million (26.4%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
- **Hazardous Substance Superfund:** Provides \$290.04 million for the Hazardous Substance Superfund, which is equal to the budget request and takes into account additional funding from the estimates of fee receipts.
- **State and Tribal Assistance Grants:** Provides \$3.7 billion for State and Tribal Assistance Grants, which is \$713.2 million (16.2%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.



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U.S. Forest Service

Provides \$8.79 billion for the U.S. Forest Service, including \$5.2 billion for Wildland Fire Management.

- \$3.6 billion for non-fire accounts, including \$295 million for Forest and Rangeland Research and \$283.5 million for State, Private, and Tribal Forestry.
- Includes a fire suppression cap adjustment of \$2.57 billion as authorized.

Department of Health and Human Services

- **Indian Health Service:** Provides \$8.69 billion for Fiscal Year 2027, including the prior year advance, for the Indian Health Service, which is an increase of \$639.8 million above the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.
 - Provides \$6.06 billion in Fiscal Year 2028 advance appropriations.
- **National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences:** Provides \$51.81 million for the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, which is \$25.3 million (32.8%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and equal to the budget request.
- **Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry:** Provides \$78 million for the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, which is \$1.8 million (2.3%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

Council on Environmental Quality

Provides \$4.63 million for the Council on Environmental Quality, which is equal to the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and the budget request.

Smithsonian Institution

Provides \$961.3 million for the Smithsonian Institution, which is \$119.2 million (11%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

National Gallery of Art

Provides \$186 million for the National Gallery of Art, which is \$18 million (8.8%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and equal to the budget request.



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John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts

Provides \$37 million for the Kennedy Center, which is \$200,000 below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and equal to the budget request.

Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars

Provides \$4.25 million for the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, which is \$750,000 (15%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level.

National Endowment for the Arts

Provides \$135 million for the National Endowment for the Arts, which is \$72 million (35%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level, and protects State partnerships.

National Endowment for the Humanities

Provides \$135 million for the National Endowment for the Humanities, which is \$72 million (35%) below the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level, and protects State partnerships.

U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum

Provides \$65.23 million for the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum, which is equal to the Fiscal Year 2026 enacted level and the budget request.

Presidio Trust

Eliminates funding for the Presidio Trust and prohibits any funding in the bill from being used for the Presidio Trust.

Community Project Funding

Includes \$1.032 billion in Community Project Funding for 1,197 water and wastewater infrastructure projects requested by 316 Members.